

## Script generated by TTT

Title: Petter: Programmiersprachen\_Uebung  
(11.11.2016)

Date: Fri Nov 11 08:36:56 CET 2016

Duration: 79:53 min

Pages: 81

```
tutorial : bash — Konsole
Datei Bearbeiten Ansicht Lesezeichen Einstellungen Hilfe
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter$ cd lehre
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre$ cd tutorial/
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorial$ ls
bumper.c bumper.c~ dekker.c dekker.c~ DQueue.c
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorial$
```

The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "tutorial : bash — Konsole". The user has navigated to the directory "/home/petter/lehre/tutorial". The current files listed are bumper.c, bumper.c~, dekker.c, dekker.c~, and DQueue.c.

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
4 #include <stdio.h> // printf
5 #include <stdlib.h> // exit
6 #include <assert.h> // assert
7
8 #define NUM_THREADS 2
9 #define true 1
10 #define false 0
11
12 // /sys/devices/system/cpu/cpu0/cache/index0/coherency_line_size
13
14 int flag[2];
15 int turn = 0;
16 int data = 0;
17
18 void *dekker(void *threadid) {
19     long tid = (long)threadid; // keep book of the thread's id
20     printf("This is thread # %ld!\n", tid);
21     while(true) {
22         flag[tid] = true;
23         while(flag[1 - tid] == true) {
24             if(turn != tid) {
25                 flag[tid] = false;
26                 while(turn != tid)
27                     ;
28                 flag[tid] = true;
29             }
30         }
31     }
32 }
```

The screenshot shows an Emacs editor window titled "emacs@michaels-t420s" displaying C code for the Dekker algorithm. The code defines a function "dekker" that takes a thread ID as a parameter. It uses two flags (flag[0] and flag[1]) and a variable "turn" to manage access to a shared resource. The code is annotated with comments explaining its purpose and how it handles race conditions.

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
18 void *dekker(void *threadid) {
19     long tid = (long)threadid; // keep book of the thread's id
20     printf("This is thread #%ld!\n", tid);
21     while(true) {
22         flag[tid] = true;
23         while(flag[1 - tid] == true) {
24             if(turn != tid) {
25                 flag[tid] = false;
26                 while(turn != tid)
27                     ;
28                 flag[tid] = true;
29             }
30         }
31         // start critical section
32         // end critical section
33     }
34     turn = 1 - tid;
35     flag[tid] = false;
36 }
37 pthread_exit(NULL);
38 }
39
40 int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
41     pthread_t threads[NUM_THREADS];
42     int rc;
43     long t;
44     dekker.c      27% (33,0)  (C/l FlyC:0/2 company Abbrev)
```

debian [ ] Konsole | 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole @ emacs@michaels-t420s 08:40:46

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
15 int turn = 0;
16 int data = 0;
17
18 void *dekker(void *threadid) {
19     long tid = (long)threadid; // keep book of the thread's id
20     printf("This is thread #%ld!\n", tid);
21     while(true) {
22         flag[tid] = true;
23         while(flag[1 - tid] == true) {
24             if(turn != tid)
25                 flag[tid] = false;
26             while(turn != tid)
27                 ;
28             flag[tid] = true;
29         }
30     }
31     // start critical section
32     data++;
33     data--;
34     assert(data==0);
35     // end critical section
36
37     turn = 1 - tid;
38     flag[tid] = false;
39 }
40 pthread_exit(NULL);
41 dekker.c      24% (29,7)  (C/l FlyC:0/2 company Abbrev)
```

debian [ ] Konsole | 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole @ emacs@michaels-t420s 08:42:20

```
tutorial : bash — Konsole
Datei Bearbeiten Ansicht Lesezeichen Einstellungen Hilfe
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter$ cd lehre
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre$ cd tutorial/
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorial$ ls
bumper.c bumper.c~ dekker.c dekker.c~ DQueue.c
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorial$ emacs dekker.c &
[1] 1529
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorial$ libGL error: failed to load driver: swrast
Xlib: extension "XInputExtension" missing on display ":1".
Xlib: extension "XInputExtension" missing on display ":1".
```

debian [ ] Konsole | 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole @ emacs@michaels-t420s 08:41:57

```
tutorial : bash
22     flag[tid] = true;
23     while(flag[1 - tid] == true) {
24         if(turn != tid) {
25             flag[tid] = false;
26             while(turn != tid)
27                 ;
28         }
29     }
30     dekker.c      Top (1,34)  (C/l FlyC:0/2 company Abbrev)
```

debian [ ] Konsole | 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole @ emacs@michaels-t420s 08:41:57

```
tutorial : bash — Konsole
Datei Bearbeiten Ansicht Lesezeichen Einstellungen Hilfe
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #1 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #1 -> 1;
tid #1 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #1 -> 1;
tid #1 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #1 -> 1;
tid #1 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #1 -> 1;
tid #1 -> 1;
dekker: dekker.c:36: dekker: Assertion `data==0' failed.
Abgebrochen (Speicherabzug geschrieben)
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorial$
```

debian [ ] Konsole | 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole @ emacs@michaels-t420s 08:43:36

```
tutorial : bash
36     assert(data==0);
37     // end critical section
38
39     turn = 1 - tid;
40     flag[tid] = false;
41 }
42 dekker.c      24% (34,39)  (C/l FlyC:0/2 company Abbrev)
Wrote /home/petter/lehre/tutorial/dekker.c
```

debian [ ] Konsole | 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole @ emacs@michaels-t420s 08:43:36

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
15 int turn = 0;
16 int data = 0;
17
18 void *dekker(void *threadid) {
19     long tid = (long)threadid; // keep book of the thread's id
20     printf("This is thread #\%ld!\n", tid);
21     while(true) {
22         flag[tid] = true;
23         while(flag[1 - tid] == true) {
24             if(turn != tid) {
25                 flag[tid] = false;
26                 while(turn != tid)
27                     ;
28                 flag[tid] = true;
29             }
30         }
31         // start critical section
32         data++;
33         printf("tid #\%ld -> %d;\n", tid,data);
35         data--;
36         assert(data==0);
37         // end critical section
38
39         turn = 1 - tid;
40         flag[tid] = false;
41     }
42 --- dekker.c      24% (38,0)      (C/l FlyC:0/2 company Abbrev)
```

debian@... | 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole emacs@michaels-t420s 08:44:29

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
29
30
31
32     // start critical section
33     data++;
34     printf("tid #\%ld -> %d;\n", tid,data);
35     data--;
36     assert(data==0);
37     // end critical section
38
39     turn = 1 - tid;
40     flag[tid] = false;
41 }
42 pthread_exit(NULL);
43 }
```

```
44
45 int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
46     pthread_t threads[NUM_THREADS];
47     int rc;
48     long t;
49     flag[0] = false;
50     flag[1] = false;
51     for(t = 0; t < NUM_THREADS; t++) {
52         printf("In main: creating thread %ld\n", t);
53         rc = pthread_create(&threads[t], NULL, dekker, (void *)t);
54         if(rc) {
55             printf("ERROR: return code from pthread_create() is %d\n", rc);
56         }
57     }
58 --- dekker.c      52% (42,11)      (C/l FlyC:0/3 company Abbrev)
```

```
tutorial : bash — Konsole emacs@michaels-t420s 08:50:24
```

debian@... | 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole emacs@michaels-t420s 08:50:24

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
15 int turn = 0;
16 int data = 0;
17
18 void *dekker(void *threadid) {
19     long tid = (long)threadid; // keep book of the thread's id
20     printf("This is thread #\%ld!\n", tid);
21     while(true) {
22         flag[tid] = true;
23         while(__sync_synchronize(),flag[1 - tid] == true) {
24             if(turn != tid) {
25                 flag[tid] = false;
26                 while(turn != tid)
27                     ;
28                 flag[tid] = true;
29             }
30         }
31         // start critical section
33         data++;
34         printf("tid #\%ld -> %d;\n", tid,data);
35         data--;
36         assert(data==0);
37         // end critical section
38
39         turn = 1 - tid;
40         flag[tid] = false;
41     }
42 --- dekker.c      23% (29,7)      (C/l FlyC:0/3 company Abbrev)
```

debian@... | 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole emacs@michaels-t420s 08:48:22

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
29
30
31
32     // start critical section
33     data++;
34     printf("tid #\%ld -> %d;\n", tid,data);
35     data--;
36     assert(data==0);
37     // end critical section
38
39     turn = 1 - tid;
40     __sync_synchronize();
41     flag[tid] = false;
42 }
43 pthread_exit(NULL);
44 }
```

```
45
46 int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
47     pthread_t threads[NUM_THREADS];
48     int rc;
49     long t;
50     flag[0] = false;
51     flag[1] = false;
52     for(t = 0; t < NUM_THREADS; t++) {
53         printf("In main: creating thread %ld\n", t);
54         rc = pthread_create(&threads[t], NULL, dekker, (void *)t);
55         if(rc) {
56             printf("ERROR: return code from pthread_create() is %d\n", rc);
57         }
58     }
59 --- dekker.c      51% (47,24)      (C/l FlyC:0/3 company Abbrev)
```

```
tutorial : bash — Konsole emacs@michaels-t420s 08:50:56
```

debian@... | 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole emacs@michaels-t420s 08:50:56

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
15 int turn = 0;
16 int data = 0;
17
18 void *dekker(void *threadid) {
19     long tid = (long)threadid; // keep book of the thread's id
20     printf("This is thread #%ld!\n", tid);
21     while(true) {
22         flag[tid] = true;
23         if(_sync_synchronize(),flag[1 - tid] == true) {
24             if(_sync_synchronize(),turn != tid) {
25                 flag[tid] = false;
26                 while(_sync_synchronize(),turn != tid)
27                     ;
28             flag[tid] = true;
29         }
30     }
31     // start critical section
32     data++;
33     printf("tid #%ld -> %d;\n",tid,data);
34     data--;
35     assert(data==0);
36     // end critical section
37
38     turn = 1 - tid;
39     _sync_synchronize();
40     flag[tid] = false;
41     dekker.c      22% (28,24)  (C/l FlyC:0/3 company Abbrev)

```

tutorial : bash — Konsole

debian@... | 1 2 3 4 | tutorial : bash — Konsole | emacs@michaels-t420s | 08:51:07

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
1 // gcc -pthread dekker.c -o dekker
2
3 #include <pthread.h> // pthread_create, pthread_exit
4 #include <stdio.h> // printf
5 #include <stdlib.h> // exit
6 #include <assert.h> // assert
7
8 #define NUM_THREADS 2
9 #define true 1
10#define false 0
11
12 // /sys/devices/system/cpu/cpu0/cache/index0/coherency_line_size
13
14 int flag[2];
15 int turn = 0;
16 int data = 0;
17
18 void *dekker(void *threadid) {
19     long tid = (long)threadid; // keep book of the thread's id
20     printf("This is thread #%ld!\n", tid);
21     while(true) {
22         flag[tid] = true;
23         if(_sync_synchronize(),flag[1 - tid] == true) {
24             if(_sync_synchronize(),turn != tid) {
25                 flag[tid] = false;
26                 while(_sync_synchronize(),turn != tid)
27                     ;
28             flag[tid] = true;
29         }
30     }
31
32     // start critical section
33     data++;
34     printf("tid #%ld -> %d;\n",tid,data);
35     data--;
36     assert(data==0);
37     // end critical section
38
39     turn = 1 - tid;
40     _sync_synchronize();
41     flag[tid] = false;
42     dekker.c      22% (31,0)  (C/l FlyC:0/3 company Abbrev)

```

tutorial : bash — Konsole

debian@... | 1 2 3 4 | tutorial : bash — Konsole | emacs@michaels-t420s | 08:51:57

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
29     }
30 }
31
32 // start critical section
33 data++;
34 printf("tid #%ld -> %d;\n",tid,data);
35 data--;
36 assert(data==0);
37 // end critical section
38
39 turn = 1 - tid;
40 _sync_synchronize();
41 flag[tid] = false;
42 _sync_synchronize();
43
44 pthread_exit(NULL);
45 }
46
47 int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
48     pthread_t threads[NUM_THREADS];
49     int rc;
50     long t;
51     flag[0] = false;
52     flag[1] = false;
53     for(t = 0; t < NUM_THREADS; t++) {
54         printf("In main: creating thread %ld\n", t);
55         rc = pthread_create(&threads[t], NULL, dekker, (void *)t);
56     }
57     dekker.c      50% (43,3)  (C/l FlyC:0/3 company Abbrev)

```

tutorial : bash — Konsole

debian@... | 1 2 3 4 | tutorial : bash — Konsole | emacs@michaels-t420s | 08:51:21

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
15 int turn = 0;
16 int data = 0;
17
18 void *dekker(void *threadid) {
19     long tid = (long)threadid; // keep book of the thread's id
20     printf("This is thread #%ld!\n", tid);
21     while(true) {
22         flag[tid] = true;
23         if(_sync_synchronize(),flag[1 - tid] == true) {
24             if(_sync_synchronize(),turn != tid) {
25                 flag[tid] = false;
26                 while(_sync_synchronize(),turn != tid)
27                     ;
28             flag[tid] = true;
29         }
30     }
31
32     // start critical section
33     data++;
34     printf("tid #%ld -> %d;\n",tid,data);
35     data--;
36     assert(data==0);
37     // end critical section
38
39     turn = 1 - tid;
40     _sync_synchronize();
41     flag[tid] = false;
42     dekker.c      22% (31,0)  (C/l FlyC:0/3 company Abbrev)

```

tutorial : bash — Konsole

debian@... | 1 2 3 4 | tutorial : bash — Konsole | emacs@michaels-t420s | 08:53:36

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
1 // gcc -pthread dekker.c -o dekker
2
3 #include <pthread.h> // pthread_create, pthread_exit
4 #include <stdio.h> // printf
5 #include <stdlib.h> // exit
6 #include <assert.h> // assert
7
8 #define NUM_THREADS 2
9 #define true 1
10 #define false 0
11
12 // /sys/devices/system/cpu/cpu0/cache/index0/coherency_line_size
13
14 int flag[2];
15 int turn = 0;
16 int data = 0;
17
18 void *dekker(void *threadid) {
19     long tid = (long)threadid; // keep book of the thread's id
20     printf("This is thread %ld!\n", tid);
21     while(true) {
22         flag[tid] = true;
23         while(__sync_synchronize(),flag[1 - tid] == true) {
24             if(__sync_synchronize(),turn != tid) {
25                 flag[tid] = false;
26                 while(__sync_synchronize(),turn != tid)
27                     ;
28         }
29     }
30 }
31
32 int main() {
33     pthread_t threads[NUM_THREADS];
34     int i;
35     for(i = 0; i < NUM_THREADS; i++) {
36         pthread_create(&threads[i], NULL, dekker, (void *)i);
37     }
38     for(i = 0; i < NUM_THREADS; i++) {
39         pthread_join(threads[i], NULL);
40     }
41     return 0;
42 }
```

```
emacs@michaels-t420s:~/Desktop$ gcc -o dekker dekker.c
15 int turn = 0;
16 int data = 0;
17
18 void *dekker(void *threadid) {
19     long tid = (long)threadid; // keep book of the thread's id
20     printf("This is thread #%ld!\n", tid);
21     while(true) {
22         flag[tid] = true;
23         while(__sync_synchronize(),flag[1 - tid] == true) {
24             if(__sync_synchronize(),turn != tid) {
25                 flag[tid] = false;
26                 while(__sync_synchronize(),turn != tid)
27                     ;
28                 flag[tid] = true;
29             }
30         }
31         // start critical section
32         data++;
33         //printf("tid #%ld -> %d;\n",tid,data);
34         data--;
35         assert(data==0);
36         // end critical section
37
38         turn = 1 - tid;
39         __sync_synchronize();
40         flag[tid] = false;
41     }
42 }
43
44 dekker.c 22% (31,0) (C/l FlyC:0/2 company Abbrev)
```

```
debian [1 2 3 4] tutorial : bash — Konsole emacs@michaels-t420s 08:55:24

tutorial : bash — Konsole
Datei Bearbeiten Ansicht Lesezeichen Einstellungen Hilfe

tid #1 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #1 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #1 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #1 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #1 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #1 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
petter@michaels-t420s:~/home/petter/lehre/tutorial$ gcc -pthread dekker.c -o dekker
petter@michaels-t420s:~/home/petter/lehre/tutorial$ ./dekker
In main: Creating thread 0
In main: Creating thread 1
This is thread #1!
This is thread #0!
^C
petter@michaels-t420s:~/home/petter/lehre/tutorial$ Xlib:  extension "XInputExtension" missing on display ":1".
| tutorial:bash
```

The screenshot shows a dual-monitor setup. The top monitor displays a terminal window titled "tutorial : bash — Konsole" with the following content:

```
tid #1 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #1 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #1 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
```

The bottom monitor displays a terminal window titled "petter : bash — Konsole" with a blank command line. A status bar at the bottom of the screen indicates the size of the terminal window as "Größe: 138 x 23".

tutorial : bash — Konsole

```
tid #1 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #1 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #1 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
```

2locks : make — Konsole

```
Datei Bearbeiten Ansicht Lesezeichen Einstellungen Hilfe
(/usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/generic/pgf/libraries/pgflibraryplothandlers
,code.tex)
(/usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/generic/pgf/modules/pgfmodulematrix,code.tex
)
(/usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/generic/pgf/frontendlayer/tikz/libraries/tikz
librarytopaths,code.tex)) /texmf-dist/tex/generic/pgf/frontendlayer/tikz/libraries/tikz
librarytopaths,code.tex))
(/usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/latex/minted/minted.sty
(/usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/latex/fxextra/fxextra.sty
(/usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/latex/base/ifthen.sty
(/usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/latex/etoolbox/etoolbox.sty)
(/usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/latex/fancyvrb/fancyvrb.sty
Style option: `fancyvrb' v2.7a, with DG/SPQR fixes, and firstline=lastline fix
<2008/02/07> (tvz)
(/usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/latex/upquote/upquote.sty)
(/usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/latex/lineno/lineno.sty)
(/usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/latex/float/float.sty)
(/usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/latex/tools/calc.sty)
(/usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/latex/tools/shellesc.sty)
(/usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/latex/ifplatform/ifplatform.sty
(/usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/generic/oberdiek/catchfile.sty
(.2locks.w18)) (/usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/generic/xstring/xstring.sty
(/usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/generic/xstring/xstring.tex)
(/usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/latex/framed/framed.sty)
```

2locks:make

debian 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole 2locks : make — Konsole 08:58:06

tutorial : bash — Konsole

```
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #1 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #1 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
tid #1 -> 1;
tid #0 -> 1;
```

petter@michaels-t420s:~/home/petter/lehre/tutorials gcc -DDEKKER
In main: creating thread 0
In main: creating thread 1
This is thread #1!
This is thread #0!
^C
petter@michaels-t420s:~/home/petter/lehre/tutorials Xlib:
[1]+ Fertig emacs dekker.c
petter@michaels-t420s:~/home/petter/lehre/tutorials ls
bumper.c bumper.c- dekker dekker.c dekker.c- DQueue.
petter@michaels-t420s:~/home/petter/lehre/tutorials emacs
[1] 2401
petter@michaels-t420s:~/home/petter/lehre/tutorials \$

2locks: bash

```
Major opcode: 62 (X_CopyArea)
Resource id: 0x0
^Z
[1]+ Angehalten okular 2locks.pdf
petter@michaels-t420s:~/home/petter/lehre/proglang/slides/
[1]+ okular 2locks.pdf &
petter@michaels-t420s:~/home/petter/lehre/proglang/slides/
```

2locks: bash

debian 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole 2locks : bash — Konsole Programming Languages ... emacs@michaels-t4... 09:01:24

Programming Languages – Okular

Ganze Seite

## Wait-Free Bumper-Pointer Allocation

Garbage collectors often use a *bumper pointer* to allocated memory:

### Bumper Pointer Allocation

```
char heap[2*20];
char* firstFree = &heap[0];
```

```
char* alloc(int size) {
    char* start = firstFree;
    firstFree = firstFree + size;
    if (start+size>sizeof(heap)) garbage_collect();
    return start;
}
```

- `firstFree` points to the first unused byte
- each allocation reserves the next `size` bytes in `heap`

Thread-safe implementation:

- the `alloc` function can be used from multiple threads when implemented using a `lock xadd [firstFree],eax` instruction
- ↵ requires inline assembler

Atomic Executions, Locks and Monitors Wait-Free Atomic Executions 8 / 1

debian 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole 2locks : okular — Konsole Programming Languages – O... 09:00:50

emacs@michaels-t420s

```
15
16     return start;
17 }
18
19 >void *allocator(void *threadid){
20     for (int i=0;i<100000000;i++)
21         myalloc(1);
22
23 >}
24
25
26 >int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
27     pthread_t threads[NUM_THREADS];
28     int rc;
29     long t;
30
31     for(t = 0; t < NUM_THREADS; t++) {
32         printf("In main: creating thread %ld\n", t);
33         rc = pthread_create(&threads[t], NULL, allocator, (void *)t);
34         if(rc) {
35             printf("ERROR: return code from pthread_create() is %d\n", rc);
36             exit(-1);
37         }
38     }
39     for(t = 0; t < NUM_THREADS; t++) {
40         pthread_join(threads[t],NULL);
41     }
-;**- bumper.c 38% (36,15) (C/l FlyC:0/8 company Abbrev)
```

debian 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole 2locks : bash — Konsole Programming Languages ... emacs@michaels-t4... 09:02:23

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
1 // gcc -pthread bumper.c -o bumper
2 #include <pthread.h> // pthread_create, pthread_exit
3 #include <stdio.h> // printf
4 #include <stdlib.h> // exit
5 #define NUM_THREADS 2
6
7 char heap[2^20];
8 char* firstFree = &heap[0];
9
10 char* myalloc(int size) {
11     char* start = firstFree;
12     firstFree = firstFree + size;
13     //if (start+size>=sizeof(heap)) garbage_collect();
14     if (start+size>2^22) :
15
16     return start;
17 }
18
19 *void *allocator(void *threadid){
20     for (int i=0;i<100000000;i++)
21         myalloc(1);
22
23 :}
24
25
26 int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
27     pthread_t threads[NUM_THREADS];
-:***- bumper.c      Top (13,17)    (C/l FlyC:0/8 company Abbrev)
```

debian@... [1 2 3 4] tutorial : bash — Kon... [2locks : bash — Kon... Programming Langu... emacs@michaels-t4... 09:03:07

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
29 long t;
30
31 for(t = 0; t < NUM_THREADS; t++) {
32     printf("In main: creating thread %ld\n", t);
33     rc = pthread_create(&threads[t], NULL, allocator, (void *)t);
34     if(rc) {
35         printf("ERROR: return code from pthread_create() is %d\n", rc);
36         exit(-1);
37     }
38 }
39 for(t = 0; t < NUM_THREADS; t++) {
40     pthread_join(threads[t],NULL);
41 }
42
43 printf(" %d\n",firstFree-&heap[0]);
44 /* last thing that main() should do */
45 pthread_exit(NULL);
46
47 :)
```

-:\*\*\*- bumper.c Bot (47,1) (C/l FlyC:0/8 company Abbrev)

debian@... [1 2 3 4] tutorial : bash — Kon... [2locks : bash — Kon... Programming Langu... emacs@michaels-t4... 09:03:48

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
15
16     return start;
17 }
18
19 *void *allocator(void *threadid){
20     for (int i=0;i<100000000;i++)
21         myalloc(1);
22
23 :}
24
25
26 int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
27     pthread_t threads[NUM_THREADS];
28     int rc;
29     long t;
30
31     for(t = 0; t < NUM_THREADS; t++) {
32         printf("In main: creating thread %ld\n", t);
33         rc = pthread_create(&threads[t], NULL, allocator, (void *)t);
34         if(rc) {
35             printf("ERROR: return code from pthread_create() is %d\n", rc);
36             exit(-1);
37         }
38     }
39     for(t = 0; t < NUM_THREADS; t++) {
40         pthread_join(threads[t],NULL);
41     }
-:***- bumper.c      38% (29,9)    (C/l FlyC:0/8 company Abbrev)
```

debian@... [1 2 3 4] tutorial : bash — Kon... [2locks : bash — Kon... Programming Langu... emacs@michaels-t4... 09:03:23

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
15
16     return start;
17 }
18
19 *void *allocator(void *threadid){
20     for (int i=0;i<100000000;i++)
21         myalloc(1);
22
23 :}
24
25
26 int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
27     pthread_t threads[NUM_THREADS];
28     int rc;
29     long t;
30
31     for(t = 0; t < NUM_THREADS; t++) {
32         printf("In main: creating thread %ld\n", t);
33         rc = pthread_create(&threads[t], NULL, allocator, (void *)t);
34         if(rc) {
35             printf("ERROR: return code from pthread_create() is %d\n", rc);
36             exit(-1);
37         }
38     }
39     for(t = 0; t < NUM_THREADS; t++) {
40         pthread_join(threads[t],NULL);
41     }
-:***- bumper.c      38% (17,1)    (C/l FlyC:0/8 company Abbrev)
```

debian@... [1 2 3 4] tutorial : bash — Kon... [2locks : bash — Kon... Programming Langu... emacs@michaels-t4... 09:04:14

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
29 long t;
30
31 for(t = 0; t < NUM_THREADS; t++) {
32     printf("In main: creating thread %d\n", t);
33     rc = pthread_create(&threads[t], NULL, allocator, (void *)t);
34     if(rc) {
35         printf("ERROR: return code from pthread_create() is %d\n", rc);
36         exit(-1);
37     }
38 }
39 for(t = 0; t < NUM_THREADS; t++) {
40     pthread_join(threads[t],NULL);
41 }
42
43 > printf(" %d\n",firstFree-&heap[0]);
44
45 /* last thing that main() should do */
46 pthread_exit(NULL);
47 }
```

-:\*\*\* bumper.c Bot (46,21) (C/l FlyC:0/8 company Abbrev)

debian [ ] [ ] [ ] 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Ko... 2locks : bash — Kon... Programming Langu... emacs@michaels-t4... 09:04:28

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
1 // gcc -pthread bumper.c -o bumper
2 #include <pthread.h> // pthread_create, pthread_exit
3 #include <stdio.h> // printf
4 #include <stdlib.h> // exit
5 #define NUM_THREADS 2
6
7 char heap[2^20];
```

2locks : bash — Konsole

Datei Bearbeiten Ansicht Lesezeichen Einstellungen Hilfe

Major opcode: 53 (X\_CreatePixmap)  
Resource Id: 0x20  
X Error: BadDrawable (invalid Pixmap or Window parameter) 9  
Major opcode: 72 (X\_PutImage)  
Resource Id: 0xa0002e  
X Error: BadDrawable (invalid Pixmap or Window parameter) 9  
Major opcode: 62 (X\_CopyArea)  
Resource Id: 0x0  
X Error: BadDrawable (invalid Pixmap or Window parameter) 9  
Major opcode: 62 (X\_CopyArea)  
Resource Id: 0x0  
X Error: BadDrawable (invalid Pixmap or Window parameter) 9  
Major opcode: 62 (X\_CopyArea)  
Resource Id: 0x0  
X Error: BadDrawable (invalid Pixmap or Window parameter) 9  
Major opcode: 62 (X\_CopyArea)  
Resource Id: 0x0

^Z  
[1]+ Angehalten okular 2locks.pdf

petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/proglang/slides/2locks\$ bg  
[1]+ okular 2locks.pdf &

petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/proglang/slides/2locks\$

2locks : bash

debian [ ] [ ] [ ] 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Ko... 2locks : bash — Kon... Programming Langu... emacs@michaels-t4... 09:07:11

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
1 // gcc -pthread bumper.c -o bumper
2 #include <pthread.h> // pthread_create, pthread_exit
3 #include <stdio.h> // printf
4 #include <stdlib.h> // exit
5 #define NUM_THREADS 2
6
7 char heap[2^20];
8 char* firstFree = &heap[0];
9
10 char* myalloc(int size) {
11     char* start = firstFree;
12     firstFree = firstFree + size;
13     //if (start+size>sizeof(heap)) garbage_collect();
14     if (start+size>2^22) {
15
16         return start;
17     }
18
19 void *allocator(void *threadid){
20     for (int i=0;i<100000000;i++)
21         myalloc(1);
22 }
23
24
25
26 int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
27     pthread_t threads[NUM_THREADS];
28
29     bumper.c Top (24,0) (C/l FlyC:0/8 company Abbrev)
```

debian [ ] [ ] [ ] 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Ko... 2locks : bash — Kon... Programming Langu... emacs@michaels-t4... 09:05:17

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
1 // gcc -pthread bumper.c -o bumper
2 #include <pthread.h> // pthread_create, pthread_exit
3 #include <stdio.h> // printf
4 #include <stdlib.h> // exit
5 #define NUM_THREADS 2
6
7 char heap[2^20];
8 char* firstFree = &heap[0];
9
10 char* myalloc(int size) {
11     char* start;
12     start = firstFree;
13     firstFree = firstFree + size;
14
15     //if (start+size>sizeof(heap)) garbage_collect();
16     if (start+size>2^22) {
17
18         return start;
19     }
20
21 void *allocator(void *threadid){
22     for (int i=0;i<100000000;i++)
23         myalloc(1);
24
25
26 }
27
28
29 bumper.c Top (3,28) (C/l FlyC:0/8 company Abbrev)
```

debian [ ] [ ] [ ] 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Ko... 2locks : bash — Kon... Programming Langu... emacs@michaels-t4... 09:07:41

```
emacs@michaels-t420s:~/Documents/OS/OS-1/OS-1.1$ gcc -pthread bumper.c -o bumper
1 // gcc -pthread bumper.c -o bumper
2 #include <pthread.h> // pthread_create, pthread_exit
3 #include <stdio.h> // printf
4 #include <stdlib.h> // exit
5
6 #define NUM_THREADS 2
7
8 char heap[2^20];
9 char* firstFree = &heap[0];
10 *sem_t sem;
11
12 char* malloc(int size) {
13     char* start;
14
15     //start critical section
16     start = firstFree;
17     firstFree = firstFree + size;
18     //end critical section
19
20     //if (start+size>sizeof(heap)) garbage_collect();
21     if (start+size>2^22) :
22
23
24     return start;
25 }
26
27 void *allocator(void *threadid){
... bumper-semaphore.c  Top (5,0)      (C/L FlyC:1/7 company Abbrev)
```

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
1 // gcc -pthread bumper.c -o bumper
2 #include <pthread.h> // pthread_create, pthread_exit
3 #include <stdio.h> // printf
4 #include <stdlib.h> // exit
5 #define NUM_THREADS 2
6
7 char heap[2^20];
8 char* firstFree = &heap[0];
9
10 char* myalloc(int size) {
11     char* start;
12
13     start=_atomic_fetch_add(&firstFree,size,__ATOMIC_RELAXED);
14
15 //    start = firstFree;
16 //    firstFree = firstFree + size;
17
18 //if (start+size>sizeof(heap)) garbage_collect();
19 > if (start+size>2^22) ;
20
21     return start;
22 }
23
24 >void *allocator(void *threadid){
25     for [int i=0;i<100000000;i++]
26         myalloc(1);
27
bumper.c      Top (25,31)      (C/l FlyC:0/8 company Abbrev)

```

```
emacs@michaels-t420s: ~
1 // gcc -pthread bumper.c -o bumper
2 #include <pthread.h> // pthread_create, pthread_exit
3 #include <stdio.h> // printf
4 #include <stdlib.h> // exit
5 #include <semaphore.h> //sem_t
6 #define NUM_THREADS 2
7
8 char heap[2^20];
9 char* firstFree = &heap[0];
10 *sem_t sem;
11
12 char* myalloc(int size) {
13     char* start;
14
15 > sem_wait;
16     //start critical section
17     start = firstFree;
18     firstFree = firstFree + size;
19     //end critical section
20
21     //if (start+size>sizeof(heap)) garbage_collect();
22 > if (start+size>2^22) ;
23
24     return start;
25 }
26
27 >void *allocator(void *threadid){
-:*** bumper-semaphore.c  Top (15,7)  (C/L FlyC:2/8 company-clang Abbrev)
int sem_wait(sem_t * sem)
```

```
emacs@michaels-i420s:~/Documents$ gcc -pthread bumper.c -o bumper
1 // gcc -pthread bumper.c -o bumper
2 #include <pthread.h> // pthread_create, pthread_exit
3 #include <stdio.h> // printf
4 #include <stdlib.h> // exit
5 #include <semaphore.h> //sem_t
6 #define NUM_THREADS 2
7
8 char heap[2^20];
9 char* firstFree = &heap[0];
10 sem_t sem;
11
12 *char* myalloc(int size) {
13     char* start;
14
15     sem_wait(&sem);
16     //start critical section
17     * start = firstFree;
18     firstFree = firstFree + size;
19     //end critical section
20
21     //if (start+size>sizeof(heap)) garbage_collect();
22     if (start+size>2^22) ;
23
24     return start;
25 }
26
27 void *allocator(void *threadid){
...**- bumper-semaphore.c  Top (15,17)  (C/l FlyC:2/1 company Abbrev)
```

```
1 // gcc -pthread bumper.c -o bumper
2 #include <pthread.h> // pthread_create, pthread_exit
3 #include <stdio.h> // printf
4 #include <stdlib.h> // exit
5 #include <semaphore.h> // sem_t
6 #define NUM_THREADS 2
7
8 char heap[2^20];
9 char* firstFree = &heap[0];
10 >sem_t sem;
11
12 char* myalloc(int size) {
13     char* start;
14
15     sem_wait(&sem);
16     //start critical section
17     start = firstFree;
18     firstFree = firstFree + size;
19     //end critical section
20 >     sem_post(&sem);
21
22     //if (start+size>sizeof(heap)) garbage_collect();
23 >     if (start+size>2^22) ;
24
25     return start;
26 }
27
```

```
debian [~] 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Ko... 2locks : bash — Kon... Programming Langu... emacs@michaels-t4... 09:21:02

emacs@michaels-t420s
1 // gcc -pthread bumper.c -o bumper
2 #include <pthread.h> // pthread_create, pthread_exit
3 #include <stdio.h> // printf
4 #include <stdlib.h> // exit
5 #include <semaphore.h> //sem_t
6 #define NUM_THREADS 2
7
8 char heap[2^20];
9 char* firstFree;
10 sem_t sem;
11
12 char* myalloc(int size)
13 {
14     char* start;
15
16     sem_wait(&sem);
17     start = firstFree;
18     firstFree += size;
19
20     sem_post(&sem);
21
22     if (start+size > heap)
23         if (start+size <= 2^22)
24             return start;
25
26 }
27
28 bumper-semaphor@michaels-t420s:~/Documents/NetBeansProjects/tutorial$ gcc -pthread bumper.c -o bumper
29 bumper.c: In function 'myalloc':
30 bumper.c:19:17: warning: comparison between pointer and integer
31           if (start+size>2^22) ^
32
33 bumper.c: In function 'main':
34 bumper.c:48:13: warning: format '%d' expects argument of type 'int', but argument 2 has type 'long int' [-Wformat=]
35     printf("%d\n",firstFree-&heap[0]);
36
37 bumper@michaels-t420s:~/Documents/NetBeansProjects/tutorial$ ./bumper
38 In main: creating thread 0
39 In main: creating thread 1
40 20000000
41 bumper@michaels-t420s:~/Documents/NetBeansProjects/tutorial$ Xlib: extension "XInputExtension" missing on display ":1".
42 Xlib: extension "XInputExtension" missing on display ":1".
43 Xlib: extension "XInputExtension" missing on display ":1".
44 Xlib: extension "XInputExtension" missing on display ":1".
45 Xlib: extension "XInputExtension" missing on display ":1".
46 Xlib: extension "XInputExtension" missing on display ":1".
47 Xlib: extension "XInputExtension" missing on display ":1".
48 Xlib: extension "XInputExtension" missing on display ":1".
49 Xlib: extension "XInputExtension" missing on display ":1".
50 Xlib: extension "XInputExtension" missing on display ":1".
51 bumper@michaels-t420s:~/Documents/NetBeansProjects/tutorial$
```

```
emacs@michaels-t420s: ~
```

```
1 // gcc -pthread bumper.c -o bumper
2 #include <pthread.h> // pthread_create, pthread_exit
3 #include <stdio.h> // printf
4 #include <stdlib.h> // exit
5 #include <semaphore.h> // sem_t
6 #define NUM_THREADS 2
7
8 char heap[2^20];
9 char* firstFree = &heap[0];
10 sem_t sem;
11
12 char* myalloc(int size) {
13     char* start;
14
15     sem_wait(&sem);
16     //start critical section
17     start = firstFree;
18     firstFree = firstFree + size;
19     //end critical section
20     sem_post(&sem);
21
22     //if (start+size>sizeof(heap)) garbage_collect();
23     if (start+size>2^22) {
24
25         return start;
26     }
27 }
```

emacs@michaels-t420s

```

26
27 >void *allocator(void *threadid){
28   for (int i=0;i<100;i++)
29     myalloc(1);
30
31 }
32
33
34
35 >int main(int argc, char *argv[]){
36   pthread_t threads[NUM_THREADS];
37   int rc;
38   long t;
39
40   for(t = 0; t < NUM_THREADS; t++) {
41     printf("In main: creating thread %d\n", t);
42     rc = pthread_create(&threads[t], NULL, allocator, (void *)t);
43     if(rc) {
44       printf("ERROR: return code from pthread_create() is %d\n", rc);
45       exit(-1);
46     }
47   }
48   for(t = 0; t < NUM_THREADS; t++) {
49     pthread_join(threads[t],NULL);
50   }
51
52 >   printf("%d\n",firstFree-&heap[0]);
-;*** bumper-semaphore.c 47% (26.0)  (C/l FlyC:0/8 company Abbrev)

```

debian@... | 1 2 3 4 | tutorial : bash — Konsole | 2locks : bash — Kon... | Programming Langu... | emacs@michaels-t4... | 09:24:53

man : man — Konsole

SEM\_INIT(3) Linux Programmer's Manual SEM\_INIT(3)

**NAME** sem\_init - initialize an unnamed semaphore

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <semaphore.h>
int sem_init(sem_t *sem, int pshared, unsigned int value);
```

Link with -pthread.

**DESCRIPTION**

sem\_init() initializes the unnamed semaphore at the address pointed to by **sem**. The **value** argument specifies the initial value for the semaphore.

The **pshared** argument indicates whether this semaphore is to be shared between the threads of a process, or between processes. If **pshared** has the value 0, then the semaphore is shared between the threads of a process, and should be located at some address that is visible to all threads (e.g., a global variable, or a variable allocated dynamically on the heap).

If **pshared** is nonzero, then the semaphore is shared between processes, and should be located in a region of shared memory (see Manual page sem\_init(3) line 1 (press h for help or q to quit)).

```
man:man
55 /* last thing that main() should do */
56 pthread_exit(NULL);
57
58 }
```

-;\*\*\* bumper-semaphore.c Bot (40,16) (C/l FlyC:1/8 company Abbrev) expected expression

emacs@michaels-t420s

```

15 sem_wait(&sem);
16 //start critical section
17 start = firstFree;
18 firstFree = firstFree + size;
19 //end critical section
20 sem_post(&sem);
21
22 //if (start+size>sizeof(heap)) garbage_collect();
23 > if (start+size>2^22) ;
24
25 return start;
26 }
27
28 >void *allocator(void *threadid){
29   for (int i=0;i<100 000 ;i++)
30     myalloc(1);
31
32 }
33
34
35 >int main(int argc, char *argv[]){
36   pthread_t threads[NUM_THREADS];
37   int rc;
38   long t;
39
40   sem_init(&sem,0,1);
41
-;*** bumper-semaphore.c 26% (29,25)  (C/l FlyC:3/9 company Abbrev)

```

debian@... | 1 2 3 4 | tutorial : bash — Konsole | 2locks : bash — Kon... | Programming Langu... | emacs@michaels-t4... | 09:26:19

tutorial : bash — Konsole

Datei Bearbeiten Ansicht Lesezeichen Einstellungen Hilfe

bumper-semaphore.c: In function ‘main’:

bumper-semaphore.c:52:13: warning: format ‘%d’ expects argument of type ‘int’, but argument 2 has type ‘long int’ [-Wformat=]

```
printf(" %d\n",firstFree-&heap[0]);
```

petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials\$ ./bumper-semaphore

In main: creating thread 0

In main: creating thread 1

^C

petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials\$ gcc -pthread bumper-semaphore.c -o bumper-semaphore

bumper-semaphore.c: In function ‘myalloc’:

bumper-semaphore.c:23:17: warning: comparison between pointer and integer

```
if (start+size>2^22) ;
```

bumper-semaphore.c: In function ‘main’:

bumper-semaphore.c:52:13: warning: format ‘%d’ expects argument of type ‘int’, but argument 2 has type ‘long int’ [-Wformat=]

```
printf(" %d\n",firstFree-&heap[0]);
```

petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials\$ ./bumper-semaphore

In main: creating thread 0

In main: creating thread 1

^C

petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials\$ man sem\_init

petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials\$

```
tutorial: bash
55 /* last thing that main() should do */
56 pthread_exit(NULL);
57
58 }
```

-;\*\*\* bumper-semaphore.c Bot (40,16) (C/l FlyC:1/8 company Abbrev) expected expression

debian@... | 1 2 3 4 | tutorial : bash — Konsole | 2locks : bash — Kon... | Programming Langu... | emacs@michaels-t4... | 09:26:57

tutorial : bash — Konsole

```
Datei Bearbeiten Ansicht Lesezeichen Einstellungen Hilfe
```

```
bumper-semaphore.c: In function 'main':  
bumper-semaphore.c:94:13: warning: format '%d' expects argument of type 'int', but argument 2 has type 'long int' [-Wformat=]  
    printf("%d\n",firstFree-&heap[0]);  
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials$ ./bumper-semaphore  
In main: creating thread 0  
In main: creating thread 1  
20000000  
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials$ Xlib: extension "XInputExtension" missing on display ":1".  
gcc -o bumper-semaphore bumper-semaphore.c  
bumper-semaphore.c: In function 'myalloc':  
bumper-semaphore.c:23:17: warning: comparison between pointer and integer  
    if (start+size>22) ;  
  
bumper-semaphore.c: In function 'main':  
bumper-semaphore.c:54:13: warning: format '%d' expects argument of type 'int', but argument 2 has type 'long int' [-Wformat=]  
    printf("%d\n",firstFree-&heap[0]);  
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials$ ./bumper-semaphore  
In main: creating thread 0  
In main: creating thread 1  
real    0m1.740s  
user    0m3.380s  
sys     0m0.000s  
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials$
```

tutorial : bumper — Konsole

```
Datei Bearbeiten Ansicht Lesezeichen Einstellungen Hilfe
```

```
bumper-semaphore.c:23:17: warning: comparison between pointer and integer  
    if (start+size>22) ;  
bumper-semaphore.c: In function 'main':  
bumper-semaphore.c:54:13: warning: format '%d' expects argument of type 'int', but argument 2 has type 'long int' [-Wformat=]  
    printf("%d\n",firstFree-&heap[0]);  
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials$ ./bumper-semaphore  
In main: creating thread 0  
In main: creating thread 1  
20000000  
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials$ ls  
bumper bumper.c bumper-fetchandadd.c bumper-semaphore.c dekker dekker.c~  
bumper# bumper.c~ bumper-semaphore bumper-semaphore.c~ dekker.c DQueue.c  
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials$ time ./bumper  
In main: creating thread 0  
In main: creating thread 1  
real    0m1.740s  
user    0m3.380s  
sys     0m0.000s  
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials$
```

tutorial : bumper-semaphor — Konsole

```
Datei Bearbeiten Ansicht Lesezeichen Einstellungen Hilfe
```

```
bumper@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials$ ./bumper-semaphore  
In main: creating thread 0  
In main: creating thread 1  
20000000  
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials$ ls  
bumper bumper.c bumper-fetchandadd.c bumper-semaphore.c dekker dekker.c~  
bumper# bumper.c~ bumper-semaphore bumper-semaphore.c~ dekker.c DQueue.c  
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials$ time ./bumper  
In main: creating thread 0  
In main: creating thread 1  
20000000  
real    0m1.740s  
user    0m3.380s  
sys     0m0.000s  
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials$ timpe ./bumper-semaphore  
Der Befehl »timpe« wurde nicht gefunden, meinten Sie vielleicht:  
  Befehl »time« aus dem Paket »time« (main)  
time: Befehl nicht gefunden.  
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials$ time ./bumper-semaphore  
In main: creating thread 0  
In main: creating thread 1  
real    0m33.418s  
user    0m26.724s  
sys     0m33.428s  
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials$
```

tutorial : bumper-semaphor — Konsole

```
Datei Bearbeiten Ansicht Lesezeichen Einstellungen Hilfe
```

```
bumper bumper.c bumper-fetchandadd.c bumper-semaphore.c dekker dekker.c~  
bumper# bumper.c~ bumper-semaphore bumper-semaphore.c~ dekker.c DQueue.c  
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials$ time ./bumper  
In main: creating thread 0  
In main: creating thread 1  
20000000  
real    0m1.740s  
user    0m3.380s  
sys     0m0.000s  
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials$ timpe ./bumper-semaphore  
Der Befehl »timpe« wurde nicht gefunden, meinten Sie vielleicht:  
  Befehl »time« aus dem Paket »time« (main)  
time: Befehl nicht gefunden.  
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials$ time ./bumper-semaphore  
In main: creating thread 0  
In main: creating thread 1  
20000000  
real    0m33.418s  
user    0m26.724s  
sys     0m33.428s  
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorials$
```

emacs@michaels-t420s

```

15 sem_wait(&sem);
16 //start critical section
17 start = firstFree;
18 firstFree = firstFree + size;
19 //end critical section
20 sem_post(&sem);
21
22 //if (start+size>sizeof(heap)) garbage_collect();
23 if (start+size>2^22) :
24
25 return start;
26 }
27
28 >void *allocator(void *threadid){
29 for (int i=0;i<100000000;i++)
30 myalloc(1);
31
32 >.
33
34
35 >int main(int argc, char *argv[]){
36 pthread_t threads[NUM_THREADS];
37 int rc;
38 long t;
39
40 sem_init(&sem,0,1);
41
42 bumper_semaphore.c 26% (38.9) (C/l FlyC:0/8 company Abbrev)
```

debian 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole 2locks : bash — Konsole Programming Languages - O... 09:31:27

tutorial : bash — Konsole

```

Datei Bearbeiten Ansicht Lesezeichen Einstellungen Hilfe
bumper bumper.c bumper-fetchandadd.c bumper-semaphore.c dekker dekker.c
bumper# bumper.c- bumper-semaphore bumper-semaphore.c- dekker.c DQueue.c
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorial$ time ./bumper
In main: creating thread 0
In main: creating thread 1
200000000
real 0m1.740s
user 0m3.380s
sys 0m0.000s
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorial$ timpe ./bumper-semaphore
Der Befehl »timpe« wurde nicht gefunden, meinten Sie vielleicht:
Befehl »time« aus dem Paket »time« (main)
timpe: Befehl nicht gefunden.
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorial$ time ./bumper-semaphore
In main: creating thread 0
In main: creating thread 1
200000000
real 0m33.418s
user 0m26.724s
sys 0m33.428s
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorial$
```

debian 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole 2locks : bash — Konsole Programming Languages - O... 09:31:43

tutorial : bash — Konsole

```

Datei Bearbeiten Ansicht Lesezeichen Einstellungen Hilfe
real 0m1.740s
user 0m3.380s
sys 0m0.000s
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorial$ timpe
Der Befehl »timpe« wurde nicht gefunden, meinten Sie viel-
Befehl »time« aus dem Paket »time« (main)
timpe: Befehl nicht gefunden.
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorial$ time .
In main: creating thread 0
In main: creating thread 1
200000000
real 0m33.418s
user 0m26.724s
sys 0m33.428s
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorial$ ls
bumper bumper.c bumper-fetchandadd.c bumper-semaphore
bumper# bumper.c- bumper-semaphore bumper-semaphore
[1]+ Fertig emacs bumper.c
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorial$ emacs
[1] 3233
petter@michaels-t420s:/home/petter/lehre/tutorial$
```

debian 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole 09:32:17

emacs@michaels-t420s

```

15 qn->val = val;
16 QNode* leftSentinel = q->left;
17 QNode* oldLeftNode = leftSentinel->right;
18 qn->left = leftSentinel;
19 qn->right = oldLeftNode;
20 leftSentinel->right = qn;
21 oldLeftNode->left = qn;
22 }
23
24 int PopRight(DQueue* q) {
25 QNode* oldRightNode;
26 QNode* leftSentinel = q->left;
27 QNode* rightSentinel = q->right;
28 oldRightNode = rightSentinel->left;
29 if(oldRightNode == leftSentinel)
30 return -1;
31 QNode* newRightNode = oldRightNode->left;
32 newRightNode->right = rightSentinel;
33 rightSentinel->left = newRightNode;
34 int ret = oldRightNode->val;
35 free(oldRightNode);
36 return ret;
37 }
38
39 >void Forall(DQueue* q, void* data, void (*callback)(void*, int)) {
40 // Executes callback on all items of this list
41 }
42
43 DQueue.c 23% (31.26) (C/l FlyC:0/3 company Abbrev)
```

debian 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole 09:35:19

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
29 if (oldRightNode == leftSentinel)
30     return -1;
31 QNode* newRightNode = oldRightNode->left;
32 newRightNode->right = rightSentinel;
33 rightSentinel->left = newRightNode;
34 int ret = oldRightNode->val;
35 free(oldRightNode);
36 return ret;
37 }
38
39 >void Forall(DQueue* q, void* data, void (*callback)(void*, int)) {
40 // Executes callback on all items of this list
41 }
42
43 int main() {
44 // init
45 DQueue *q = (DQueue*)malloc(sizeof(DQueue));
46 QNode* sentinel = (QNode*)malloc(sizeof(QNode));
47 q->right = sentinel;
48 q->left = sentinel;
49 sentinel->right = sentinel;
50 sentinel->left = sentinel;
51
52 // fill initial load
53 // ... code to prepare a deadlock
54
55
----- DQueue.c      49% (43,12)    (C/l FlyC:0/3 company Abbrev)
```

debian [ ] Konsole | 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole emacs@michaels-t420s 09:36:23

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
43 int main() {
44 // init
45 DQueue *q = (DQueue*)malloc(sizeof(DQueue));
46 QNode* sentinel = (QNode*)malloc(sizeof(QNode));
47 q->right = sentinel;
48 q->left = sentinel;
49 sentinel->right = sentinel;
50 sentinel->left = sentinel;
51
52 // fill initial load
53 // ... code to prepare a deadlock
54
55 // Forall
56
57 // ... produce a deadlock
58
59 // end all
60 }
61
----- DQueue.c      Bot (58,0)    (C/l FlyC:0/3 company Abbrev)
```

debian [ ] Konsole | 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole emacs@michaels-t420s 09:37:58

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
29 if (oldRightNode == leftSentinel)
30     return -1;
31 QNode* newRightNode = oldRightNode->left;
32 newRightNode->right = rightSentinel;
33 rightSentinel->left = newRightNode;
34 int ret = oldRightNode->val;
35 free(oldRightNode);
36 return ret;
37 }
38
39 >void Forall(DQueue* q, void* data, void (*callback)(void*, int)) {
40 // Executes callback on all items of this list
41 }
42
43 int main() {
44 // init
45 DQueue *q = (DQueue*)malloc(sizeof(DQueue));
46 QNode* sentinel = (QNode*)malloc(sizeof(QNode));
47 q->right = sentinel;
48 q->left = sentinel;
49 sentinel->right = sentinel;
50 sentinel->left = sentinel;
51
52 // fill initial load
53 // ... code to prepare a deadlock
54
55
----- DQueue.c      49% (42,0)    (C/l FlyC:0/3 company Abbrev)
```

debian [ ] Konsole | 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole emacs@michaels-t420s 09:37:38

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
1 // gcc -g DQueue.c -o dqueue
2 include <stdlib.h> // malloc
3
4 typedef struct QNode {
5     int val;
6     struct QNode* left;
7     struct QNode* right;
8 } QNode;
9
10 typedef struct {
11     struct QNode* left;
12     struct QNode* right;
13 } DQueue;
14
15 void PushLeft(DQueue* q, int val) {
16     QNode* qn = (QNode*)malloc(sizeof(QNode));
17     qn->val = val;
18     QNode* leftSentinel = q->left;
19     QNode* oldLeftNode = leftSentinel->right;
20     qn->left = leftSentinel;
21     qn->right = oldLeftNode;
22     leftSentinel->right = qn;
23     oldLeftNode->left = qn;
24 }
25
26 int PopRight(DQueue* q) {
27     QNode* oldRightNode;
28     QNode* leftSentinel = q->left;
29     QNode* rightSentinel = q->right;
30
----- DQueue.c      Top (2,0)    (C/l FlyC:0/3 company Abbrev)
```

debian [ ] Konsole | 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole emacs@michaels-t420s 09:39:26

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
43
44 int main() {
45     // init
46     DQueue *q = (DQueue*)malloc(sizeof(DQueue));
47     QNode* sentinel = (QNode*)malloc(sizeof(QNode));
48     q->right = sentinel;
49     q->left = sentinel;
50     sentinel->right = sentinel;
51     sentinel->left = sentinel;
52
53     // fill initial load
54
55     // ... code to prepare a deadlock
56
57     // Forall
58
59     // ... produce a deadlock
60
61     // end all
62 }
```

-:--- DQueue.c Bot (61,12) (C/l FlyC:0/3 company Abbrev)

debian [ ] Konsole 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole emacs@michaels-t420s 09:40:04

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
1 // gcc -g DQueue.c -o dqueue
2 #include <stdlib.h> // malloc
3 #include <pthread.h>
4
5 typedef struct QNode {
6     int val;
7     struct QNode* left;
8     struct QNode* right;
9 } QNode;
10
11 typedef struct {
12     pthread_mutex_t *s;
13     struct QNode* left;
14     struct QNode* right;
15 } DQueue;
16
17 void PushLeft(DQueue* q, int val) {
18     QNode *qn = (QNode *)malloc(sizeof(QNode));
19     qn->val = val;
20     QNode* leftSentinel = q->left;
21     QNode* oldLeftNode = leftSentinel->right;
22     qn->left = leftSentinel;
23     qn->right = oldLeftNode;
24     leftSentinel->right = qn;
25     oldLeftNode->left = qn;
26 }
27
28 int PopRight(DQueue* q) {
-:--- DQueue.c Top (4,0) (C/l FlyC:2/3 company Abbrev)
```

debian [ ] Konsole 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole emacs@michaels-t420s 09:41:36

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
1 // gcc -g DQueue.c -o dqueue
2 #include <stdlib.h> // malloc
3
4 typedef struct QNode {
5     int val;
6     struct QNode* left;
7     struct QNode* right;
8 } QNode;
9
10 typedef struct {
11     pthread_mutex_t *s;
12     struct QNode* left;
13     struct QNode* right;
14 } DQueue;
15
16 void PushLeft(DQueue* q, int val) {
17     QNode *qn = (QNode *)malloc(sizeof(QNode));
18     qn->val = val;
19     QNode* leftSentinel = q->left;
20     QNode* oldLeftNode = leftSentinel->right;
21     qn->left = leftSentinel;
22     qn->right = oldLeftNode;
23     leftSentinel->right = qn;
24     oldLeftNode->left = qn;
25 }
26
27 int PopRight(DQueue* q) {
28     QNode* oldRightNode;
-:--- DQueue.c Top (3,0) (C/l FlyC:2/3 company Abbrev)
```

debian [ ] Konsole 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole emacs@michaels-t420s 09:41:25

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
37     int ret = oldRightNode->val;
38     free(oldRightNode);
39     return ret;
40 }
41
42 >void Forall(DQueue* q, void* data, void (*callback)(void*, int)) {
43     // Executes callback on all items of this list
44 }
45
46 int main() {
47     // init
48     DQueue *q = (DQueue*)malloc(sizeof(DQueue));
49     q->s = (pthread_mutex_t*)malloc(sizeof(pthread_mutex_t));
50     QNode* sentinel = (QNode*)malloc(sizeof(QNode));
51     q->right = sentinel;
52     q->left = sentinel;
53     sentinel->right = sentinel;
54     sentinel->left = sentinel;
55
56     // fill initial load
57
58     // ... code to prepare a deadlock
59
60     // Forall
61
62     // ... produce a deadlock
63 }
```

-:--- DQueue.c 60% (50,0) (C/l FlyC:2/3 company Abbrev)

debian [ ] Konsole 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole emacs@michaels-t420s 09:41:53

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
37 int ret = oldRightNode->val;
38 free(oldRightNode);
39 return ret;
40 }
41
42 >void Forall(DQueue* q, void* data, void (*callback)(void*, int)) {
43 // Executes callback on all items of this list
44 }
45
46 int main() {
47 // init
48 DQueue *q = (DQueue*)malloc(sizeof(DQueue));
49 q->s = (pthread_mutex_t*)malloc(sizeof(pthread_mutex_t));
50 > pthread_mutex_init_
51 > QNode* sentinel = (QNode*)malloc(sizeof(QNode));
52 > q->right = sentinel;
53 > q->left = sentinel;
54 > sentinel->right = sentinel;
55 > sentinel->left = sentinel;
56
57 // fill initial load
58
59 // ... code to prepare a deadlock
60
61 // Forall
62
63 // ... produce a deadlock
-;**- DQueue.c      60% (50,17)  (C/l FlyC* company-clang Abbrev)
int pthread_mutex_init(pthread_mutex_t *__mutex, const pthread_mutexattr_t *__mutexattr)
```

debian [ ] [1 2 3 4] tutorial : bash — Konsole @emacs@michaels-t420s 09:42:27

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
37 int ret = oldRightNode->val;
38 free(oldRightNode);
39 return ret;
40 }
41
42 >void Forall(DQueue* q, void* data, void (*callback)(void*, int)) {
43 // Executes callback on all items of this list
44 }
45
46 int main() {
47 // init
48 DQueue *q = (DQueue*)malloc(sizeof(DQueue));
49 q->s = (pthread_mutex_t*)malloc(sizeof(pthread_mutex_t));
50 > pthread_mutex_init(q->s, arg1)
51 > QNode* sentinel = (QNode*)malloc(sizeof(QNode));
52 > q->right = sentinel;
53 > q->left = sentinel;
54 > sentinel->right = sentinel;
55 > sentinel->left = sentinel;
56
57 // fill initial load
58
59 // ... code to prepare a deadlock
60
61 // Forall
62
63 // ... produce a deadlock
-;**- DQueue.c      59% (50,31)  (C/l FlyC:7/3 company Abbrev)
```

debian [ ] [1 2 3 4] tutorial : bash — Konsole @emacs@michaels-t420s 09:43:11

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
37 int ret = oldRightNode->val;
38 free(oldRightNode);
39 return ret;
40 }
41
42 >void Forall(DQueue* q, void* data, void (*callback)(void*, int)) {
43 // Executes callback on all items of this list
44
45
46 int main() {
47 // init
48 DQueue *q = (DQueue*)malloc(sizeof(DQueue));
49 q->s = (pthread_mutex_t*)malloc(sizeof(pthread_mutex_t));
50 > pthread_mutex_init_
51 > QNode* sentinel = (QNode*)malloc(sizeof(QNode));
52 > q->right = sentinel;
53 > q->left = sentinel;
54 > sentinel->right = sentinel;
55 > sentinel->left = sentinel;
56
57 // fill initial load
58
59 // ... code to prepare a deadlock
60
61 // Forall
62
63 // ... produce a deadlock
64
65 // end all
66 > pthread_mutex_destroy_
67 }
```

debian [ ] [1 2 3 4] tutorial : bash — Konsole @emacs@michaels-t420s 09:42:49

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
51 QNode* sentinel = (QNode*)malloc(sizeof(QNode));
52 q->right = sentinel;
53 q->left = sentinel;
54 sentinel->right = sentinel;
55 sentinel->left = sentinel;
56
57 // fill initial load
58
59 // ... code to prepare a deadlock
60
61 // Forall
62
63 // ... produce a deadlock
64
65 // end all
66 > pthread_mutex_destroy_
67 }
```

-;\*\*- DQueue.c Bot (66,17) (C/l FlyC:1/3 company-clang Abbrev)
int pthread\_mutex\_destroy(pthread\_mutex\_t \*\_\_mutex)

debian [ ] [1 2 3 4] tutorial : bash — Konsole @emacs@michaels-t420s 09:44:03

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
51 QNode* sentinel = (QNode*)malloc(sizeof(QNode));
52 q->right = sentinel;
53 q->left = sentinel;
54 sentinel->right = sentinel;
55 sentinel->left = sentinel;
56
57 // fill initial load
58 // ... code to prepare a deadlock
59 // ... produce a deadlock
60
61 // Forall
62
63 // ... end all
64
65 // pthread_mutex_destroy(q->s);
67 * pthread_exit_
68 }
```

-:\*\*\*- DQueue.c Bot (67.13) (C/l FlyC:1/3 company-clang Abbrev)

```
void pthread_exit(void * _retval)
```

debian [ ] Konsole [1 2 3 4] tutorial : bash — Konsole emacs@michaels-t420s 09:44:18

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
15
16 void PushLeft(DQueue* q, int val) {
17 QNode *qn = (QNode *)malloc(sizeof(QNode));
18 qn->val = val;
19
20 QNode* leftSentinel = q->left;
21 QNode* oldLeftNode = leftSentinel->right;
22 qn->left = leftSentinel;
23 qn->right = oldLeftNode;
24 leftSentinel->right = qn;
25 oldLeftNode->left = qn;
26 }
27
28 int PopRight(DQueue* q) {
29 QNode* oldRightNode;
30 QNode* leftSentinel = q->left;
31 QNode* rightSentinel = q->right;
32 oldRightNode = rightSentinel->left;
33 if(oldRightNode == leftSentinel)
34     return -1;
35 QNode* newRightNode = oldRightNode->left;
36 newRightNode->right = rightSentinel;
37 rightSentinel->left = newRightNode;
38 int ret = oldRightNode->val;
39 free(oldRightNode);
40 return ret;
41 }
```

-:\*\*\*- DQueue.c 18% (19.2) (C/l FlyC\* company Abbrev)

debian [ ] Konsole [1 2 3 4] tutorial : bash — Konsole emacs@michaels-t420s 09:45:51

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
15
16 void PushLeft(DQueue* q, int val) {
17 QNode *qn = (QNode *)malloc(sizeof(QNode));
18 qn->val = val;
19 QNode* leftSentinel = q->left;
20 QNode* oldLeftNode = leftSentinel->right;
21 qn->left = leftSentinel;
22 qn->right = oldLeftNode;
23 leftSentinel->right = qn;
24 oldLeftNode->left = qn;
25 }
26
27 int PopRight(DQueue* q) {
28 QNode* oldRightNode;
29 QNode* leftSentinel = q->left;
30 QNode* rightSentinel = q->right;
31 oldRightNode = rightSentinel->left;
32 if(oldRightNode == leftSentinel)
33     return -1;
34 QNode* newRightNode = oldRightNode->left;
35 newRightNode->right = rightSentinel;
36 rightSentinel->left = newRightNode;
37 int ret = oldRightNode->val;
38 free(oldRightNode);
39 return ret;
40 }
41
```

-:\*\*\*- DQueue.c 18% (29.0) (C/l FlyC:0/3 company Abbrev)

debian [ ] Konsole [1 2 3 4] tutorial : bash — Konsole emacs@michaels-t420s 09:44:50

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
15
16 void PushLeft(DQueue* q, int val) {
17 QNode *qn = (QNode *)malloc(sizeof(QNode));
18 qn->val = val;
19 pthread_mutex_lock_
20 //
21 QNode* leftSentinel = q->left;
22 QNode* oldLeftNode = leftSentinel->right;
23 qn->left = leftSentinel;
24 qn->right = oldLeftNode;
25 leftSentinel->right = qn;
26 oldLeftNode->left = qn;
27 //
28 }
29
30 int PopRight(DQueue* q) {
31 QNode* oldRightNode;
32 QNode* leftSentinel = q->left;
33 QNode* rightSentinel = q->right;
34 oldRightNode = rightSentinel->left;
35 if(oldRightNode == leftSentinel)
36     return -1;
37 QNode* newRightNode = oldRightNode->left;
38 newRightNode->right = rightSentinel;
39 rightSentinel->left = newRightNode;
40 int ret = oldRightNode->val;
41 free(oldRightNode);
42
```

-:\*\*\*- DQueue.c 18% (19.17) (C/l FlyC\* company-clang Abbrev)

```
int pthread_mutex_lock(pthread_mutex_t * mutex)
```

debian [ ] Konsole [1 2 3 4] tutorial : bash — Konsole emacs@michaels-t420s 09:46:16

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
15 void PushLeft(DQueue* q, int val) {
16     QNode *qn = (QNode *)malloc(sizeof(QNode));
17     qn->val = val;
18     pthread_mutex_lock(q->s);
19     // 
20     QNode* leftSentinel = q->left;
21     QNode* oldLeftNode = leftSentinel->right;
22     qn->left = leftSentinel;
23     qn->right = oldLeftNode;
24     leftSentinel->right = qn;
25     oldLeftNode->left = qn;
26     // 
27     > pthread_mutex_unlock(pthread_mutex_t *_mutex)
28 }
29 }

31 int PopRight(DQueue* q) {
32     QNode* oldRightNode;
33     QNode* leftSentinel = q->left;
34     QNode* rightSentinel = q->right;
35     oldRightNode = rightSentinel->left;
36     if(oldRightNode == leftSentinel)
37         return -1;
38     QNode* newRightNode = oldRightNode->left;
39     newRightNode->right = rightSentinel;
40     rightSentinel->left = newRightNode;
41     int ret = oldRightNode->val;
42     <:-- DQueue.c    17% (28,23)  (C/l FlyC* company Abbrev)
```

debian [ ] Konsole | 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole | emacs@michaels-t420s 09:46:49

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
29 }

31 int PopRight(DQueue* q) {
32     QNode* oldRightNode;
33     > pthread_mutex_lock(_mutex)
34     QNode* leftSentinel = q->left;
35     QNode* rightSentinel = q->right;
36     oldRightNode = rightSentinel->left;
37     if(oldRightNode == leftSentinel)
38         return -1;
39     QNode* newRightNode = oldRightNode->left;
40     newRightNode->right = rightSentinel;
41     rightSentinel->left = newRightNode;
42     int ret = oldRightNode->val;
43     free(oldRightNode);
44     return ret;
45 }

47 >void Forall(DQueue* q, void* data, void (*callback)(void*, int)) {
48     // Executes callback on all items of this list
49 }

51 int main() {
52     // init
53     DQueue *q = (DQueue*)malloc(sizeof(DQueue));
54     q->s = (pthread_mutex_t*)malloc(sizeof(pthread_mutex_t));
55     pthread_mutex_init(q->s, NULL);
56     <:-- DQueue.c    38% (33,18)  (C/l FlyC:11/3 company-clang Abbrev)
57     int pthread_mutex_lock(pthread_mutex_t *_mutex)
```

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```
emacs@michaels-t420s
29 }

31 int PopRight(DQueue* q) {
32     QNode* oldRightNode;
33     QNode* leftSentinel = q->left;
34     QNode* rightSentinel = q->right;
35     oldRightNode = rightSentinel->left;
36     if(oldRightNode == leftSentinel)
37         return -1;
38     QNode* newRightNode = oldRightNode->left;
39     newRightNode->right = rightSentinel;
40     rightSentinel->left = newRightNode;
41     int ret = oldRightNode->val;
42     free(oldRightNode);
43     return ret;
44 }

45 >void Forall(DQueue* q, void* data, void (*callback)(void*, int)) {
46     // Executes callback on all items of this list
47 }

50 int main() {
51     // init
52     DQueue *q = (DQueue*)malloc(sizeof(DQueue));
53     q->s = (pthread_mutex_t*)malloc(sizeof(pthread_mutex_t));
54     pthread_mutex_init(q->s, NULL);
55     <:-- DQueue.c    38% (43,0)  (C/l FlyC:0/3 company Abbrev)
```

debian [ ] Konsole | 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole | emacs@michaels-t420s 09:47:23

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
29 }

31 int PopRight(DQueue* q) {
32     QNode* oldRightNode;
33     pthread_mutex_lock(q->s);
34     QNode* leftSentinel = q->left;
35     QNode* rightSentinel = q->right;
36     oldRightNode = rightSentinel->left;
37     if(oldRightNode == leftSentinel)
38         return -1;
39     QNode* newRightNode = oldRightNode->left;
40     newRightNode->right = rightSentinel;
41     rightSentinel->left = newRightNode;
42     > pthread_mutex_unlock(_mutex)
43     int ret = oldRightNode->val;
44     free(oldRightNode);
45     return ret;
46 }

47 >void Forall(DQueue* q, void* data, void (*callback)(void*, int)) {
48     // Executes callback on all items of this list
49 }

51 int main() {
52     // init
53     DQueue *q = (DQueue*)malloc(sizeof(DQueue));
54     q->s = (pthread_mutex_t*)malloc(sizeof(pthread_mutex_t));
55     <:-- DQueue.c    37% (42,18)  (C/l FlyC:2/3 company-clang Abbrev)
56     int pthread_mutex_lock(pthread_mutex_t *_mutex)
```

debian [ ] Konsole | 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole | emacs@michaels-t420s 09:49:01

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
29 }
30
31 *int PopRight(DQueue* q) {
32     QNode* oldRightNode;
33     pthread_mutex_lock(q->s);
34     QNode* leftSentinel = q->left;
35     QNode* rightSentinel = q->right;
36     oldRightNode = rightSentinel->left;
37     if (oldRightNode == leftSentinel){
38         return -1;
39     QNode* newRightNode = oldRightNode->left;
40     newRightNode->right = rightSentinel;
41     rightSentinel->left = newRightNode;
42     pthread_mutex_unlock(q->s);
43     int ret = oldRightNode->val;
44     free(oldRightNode);
45     return ret;
46 }
47
48 *void Forall(DQueue* q, void* data, void (*callback)(void*, int)) {
49     // Executes callback on all items of this list
50 }
51
52 *int main() {
53     // init
54     DQueue *q = (DQueue*)malloc(sizeof(DQueue));
55     q->s = (pthread_mutex_t*)malloc(sizeof(pthread_mutex_t));
-:***- DQueue.c      37% (38,4)  (C/l FlyC:3/0 company Abbrev)
```

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```
emacs@michaels-t420s
43     rightSentinel->left = newRightNode;
44     pthread_mutex_unlock(q->s);
45     int ret = oldRightNode->val;
46     free(oldRightNode);
47     return ret;
48 }
49
50 void Forall(DQueue* q, void* data, void (*callback)(void*, int)) {
51     // Executes callback on all items of this list
52     QNode* qn;
53     for (qn=q->left->right;qn!= q->right;qn = qn->right)
54         (*callback)(data,qn->val);
55 }
56
57 int main() {
58     // init
59     DQueue *q = (DQueue*)malloc(sizeof(DQueue));
60     q->s = (pthread_mutex_t*)malloc(sizeof(pthread_mutex_t));
61     pthread_mutex_init(q->s, NULL);
62     QNode* sentinel = (QNode*)malloc(sizeof(QNode));
63     q->right = sentinel;
64     q->left = sentinel;
65     sentinel->right = sentinel;
66     sentinel->left = sentinel;
67
68     // fill initial load
69
-:***- DQueue.c      54% (56,0)  (C/l FlyC company Abbrev)
```

debian [ ] Konsole | 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole | emacs@michaels-t420s 09:53:02

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
29 }
30
31 *int PopRight(DQueue* q) {
32     QNode* oldRightNode;
33     pthread_mutex_lock(q->s);
34     QNode* leftSentinel = q->left;
35     QNode* rightSentinel = q->right;
36     oldRightNode = rightSentinel->left;
37     if (oldRightNode == leftSentinel){
38         pthread_mutex_unlock(q->s);
39         return -1;
40     }
41     QNode* newRightNode = oldRightNode->left;
42     newRightNode->right = rightSentinel;
43     rightSentinel->left = newRightNode;
44     pthread_mutex_unlock(q->s);
45     int ret = oldRightNode->val;
46     free(oldRightNode);
47     return ret;
48 }
49
50 void Forall(DQueue* q, void* data, void (*callback)(void*, int)) {
51     // Executes callback on all items of this list
52     QNode* qn;
53     for (qn=q->left->right;qn!= q->right;qn = qn->right)
54
-:***- DQueue.c      35% (54,0)  (C/l FlyC:1/2 company Abbrev)
```

debian [ ] Konsole | 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole | emacs@michaels-t420s 09:52:36

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
43     rightSentinel->left = newRightNode;
44     pthread_mutex_unlock(q->s);
45     int ret = oldRightNode->val;
46     free(oldRightNode);
47     return ret;
48 }
49
50 void Forall(DQueue* q, void* data, void (*callback)(void*, int)) {
51     // Executes callback on all items of this list
52     QNode* qn;
53     pthread_mutex_lock(q->s);
54     for (qn=q->left->right;qn!= q->right;qn = qn->right)
55         (*callback)(data,qn->val);
56     pthread_mutex_lock
57 }
58
59 int main() {
60     // init
61     DQueue *q = (DQueue*)malloc(sizeof(DQueue));
62     q->s = (pthread_mutex_t*)malloc(sizeof(pthread_mutex_t));
63     pthread_mutex_init(q->s, NULL);
64     QNode* sentinel = (QNode*)malloc(sizeof(QNode));
65     q->right = sentinel;
66     q->left = sentinel;
67     sentinel->right = sentinel;
68     sentinel->left = sentinel;
69
-:***- DQueue.c      52% (56,20)  (C/l FlyC:1/0 company Abbrev)
```

debian [ ] Konsole | 1 2 3 4 tutorial : bash — Konsole | emacs@michaels-t420s 09:53:50

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
57 }
58
59 int main() {
60     // init
61     DQueue *q = (DQueue*)malloc(sizeof(DQueue));
62     q->s = (pthread_mutex_t*)malloc(sizeof(pthread_mutex_t));
63     pthread_mutex_init(q->s, NULL);
64     QNode* sentinel = (QNode*)malloc(sizeof(QNode));
65     q->right = sentinel;
66     q->left = sentinel;
67     sentinel->right = sentinel;
68     sentinel->left = sentinel;
69
70     // fill initial load
71     PushLeft(q,1);
72     PushLeft(q,2);
73     PushLeft(q,3);
74
75     // ... code to prepare a deadlock
76
77     // end all
78     pthread_mutex_destroy(q->s);
79     pthread_exit(NULL);
80
81 }

----- DQueue.c      Bot (75,0)      (C/l FlyC company Abbrev)
```

debian@... | 1 2 3 4 | tutorial : bash — Konsole | emacs@michaels-t420s | 09:54:23

```
emacs@michaels-t420s
57 }
58
59 int main() {
60     // init
61     DQueue *q = (DQueue*)malloc(sizeof(DQueue));
62     q->s = (pthread_mutex_t*)malloc(sizeof(pthread_mutex_t));
63     pthread_mutex_init(q->s, NULL);
64     QNode* sentinel = (QNode*)malloc(sizeof(QNode));
65     q->right = sentinel;
66     q->left = sentinel;
67     sentinel->right = sentinel;
68     sentinel->left = sentinel;
69
70     // fill initial load
71     PushLeft(q,1);
72     PushLeft(q,2);
73     PushLeft(q,3);
74
75     // ... code to prepare a deadlock
76
77     // Forall
78     > ForAll(q,q,(void (*)(void *,int))&PushLeft);
79     // ... produce a deadlock
80
81     // end all
82     pthread_mutex_destroy(q->s);
83     pthread_exit(NULL);
84
85 }

----- DQueue.c      Bot (75,0)      (C/l FlyC:0/1 company Abbrev)
```

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